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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
OAKLAND DIVISION

IN RE LITHIUM ION BATTERIES  
ANTITRUST LITIGATION

Case No. 4:13-MD-02420 YGR (DMR)  
MDL No. 2420

**ORDER DIRECTING NOTICE TO  
THE CLASS REGARDING THE  
SDI, TOKIN, TOSHIBA &  
PANASONIC SETTLEMENTS**

This Document Relates to:  
ALL INDIRECT PURCHASER ACTIONS.

This matter comes before the Court on Indirect Purchaser Plaintiffs’ Motion to Direct Notice to the Class Regarding the SDI, Tokin, Toshiba, and Panasonic Settlements (the “Motion”).

WHEREAS Indirect Purchaser Plaintiffs (“IPPs”), on behalf of themselves and of the proposed stipulated settlement class (“Settlement Class”), and defendants Samsung SDI Co., Ltd. and Samsung SDI America, Inc. (collectively, “SDI”); TOKIN Corporation (“TOKIN”); Toshiba Corporation (“Toshiba”); and Panasonic Corporation, Panasonic Corporation of North America, SANYO Electric Co., Ltd., and SANYO North America Corporation (collectively, “Panasonic,” and with SDI, TOKIN, and Toshiba, the “Settling Defendants”), have agreed—subject to Court approval following notice to the Settlement Class and a hearing—to settle the above-captioned matter (the “Action”) upon the terms set forth in the SDI Settlement (attached hereto as **Exhibit 1**), the TOKIN Settlement (attached hereto as **Exhibit 2**), the Toshiba Settlement

1 (attached hereto as **Exhibit 3**), and the Panasonic Settlement (attached hereto as **Exhibit 4**)  
2 (together, the “Settlement Agreements”);

3 WHEREAS, this Court previously approved settlement agreements between IPPs and  
4 defendants Sony Corporation, Sony Energy Devices Corporation, and Sony Electronics Inc.  
5 (collectively, “Sony”); LG Chem, Ltd. and LG Chem America, Inc. (collectively, “LG Chem”);  
6 Hitachi Maxell Ltd. and Maxell Corporation of America (collectively, “Hitachi Maxell”); and  
7 NEC Corporation (“NEC”), upon the terms set forth in the Sony Settlement (attached hereto as  
8 **Exhibit 5**), the LG Chem Settlement (attached hereto as **Exhibit 6**), the Hitachi Maxell  
9 Settlement (attached hereto as **Exhibit 7**), and the NEC Settlement (attached hereto as **Exhibit 8**);

10 WHEREAS, this Court has reviewed and considered the Settlement Agreements entered  
11 into among the parties, the record in this case, the briefs and their supporting exhibits and  
12 declarations, and the arguments of counsel;

13 WHEREAS, IPPs have applied for an order to direct notice to the Settlement Class  
14 (defined in paragraph 2 below) in connection with the proposed Settlement Agreements pursuant  
15 to Rule 23(e)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;

16 WHEREAS, IPPs have presented sufficient information, pursuant to the Federal Rules and  
17 this District’s Procedural Guidance for Class Action Settlements, to justify directing notice of the  
18 proposed Settlement Agreements to the Settlement Class;

19 WHEREAS, this Court finds that it is likely to approve the proposed Settlement  
20 Agreements under Rule 23(e)(2), and that it is likely to certify the Settlement Class for purposes  
21 of judgment on the proposed Settlement Agreements; and

22 WHEREAS, all defined terms contained herein shall have the same meanings as set forth  
23 in the Settlement Agreements;

24 NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

25 1. The Court does hereby find that it is likely to approve the proposed Settlement  
26 Agreements under Rule 23(e)(2). Specifically:

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28

1           a.       The class representatives and counsel have vigorously represented the  
2 interests of the Settlement Class, having prosecuted this action on behalf of the Settlement Class  
3 for more than five years.

4           b.       The Settlement Agreements arise out of arm's-length, informed, and non-  
5 collusive negotiations between counsel for IPPs and the Settling Defendants, who convened  
6 multiple times over several months to arrive at settlement terms.

7           c.       The relief provided for the Settlement Class is adequate, considering: (i)  
8 the costs, risks, and delay of trial and appeal, particularly in light of the complex nature of IPPs'  
9 case; (ii) the effectiveness and straightforwardness of the proposed claims process, which is  
10 similar to the process this Court previously approved; (iii) the reasonableness of the anticipated  
11 request for an award of attorneys' fees; and (iv) the absence of any agreement required to be  
12 identified under Rule 23(e)(3).

13           d.       The Settlement Agreements treat class members equitably relative to each  
14 other. IPPs propose a distribution plan, one of two options recommended by Judge Rebecca J.  
15 Westerfield (ret.), that would allocate 90 percent of the settlement funds to class members from  
16 states that have passed laws allowing recovery by indirect purchasers (so-called "repealer states")  
17 and 10 percent of the settlement funds to class members from states that have not done so ("non-  
18 repealer states").<sup>1</sup> I have reviewed the adversarial process undertaken by the IPPs to arrive at this  
19 recommendation, and find that it was appropriate. This Court is therefore likely to find IPPs'  
20 proposed distribution plan fair, reasonable, and adequate. It is appropriate for class members  
21 from non-repealer states to receive a limited recovery because they are still active litigants in the  
22 case, and their claims have been neither dismissed from nor amended out of the pleadings.  
23 Moreover, this Court's prior analysis of California choice-of-law rules would have been subject  
24 to an appeal had this case gone to judgment. *National Super Spuds, Inc. v. New York Mercantile*  
25 *Exchange*, 660 F.2d 9, 19 (2d Cir. 1981); *see also Anderson v. Nextel Retail Stores, LLC*, No. CV  
26 07-4480-SVW FFMX, 2010 WL 8591002, at \*9 (C.D. Cal. Apr. 12, 2010).

27           <sup>1</sup> The term "repealer" refers to a state whose highest court has concluded that the relevant  
28 state law affords a right of recovery to consumers notwithstanding the Supreme Court's decision  
in *Illinois Brick Co. v. Illinois*, 431 U.S. 720 (1977).

1           2.       The Court does hereby find that, for purposes of judgment on the proposed  
2 Settlement Agreements, it is likely to certify the Settlement Class, which is defined as follows:

3           [A]ll persons and entities who, as residents of the United States and during the  
4 period from January 1, 2000 through May 31, 2011, indirectly purchased new for  
5 their own use and not for resale one of the following products which contained a  
6 lithium-ion cylindrical battery manufactured by one or more defendants or their  
7 coconspirators: (i) a portable computer; (ii) a power tool; (iii) a camcorder; or  
8 (iv) a replacement battery for any of these products. Excluded from the class are  
any purchases of Panasonic-branded computers. Also excluded from the class are  
any federal, state, or local governmental entities, any judicial officers presiding  
over this action, members of their immediate families and judicial staffs, and any  
juror assigned to this action, but included in the class are all non-federal and non-  
state governmental entities in California.

9 Specifically:

10           a.       The Settlement Class is sufficiently numerous, as there are millions of  
11 geographically-dispersed class members, making joinder of all members impracticable.

12           b.       There are questions of law and fact common to the Settlement Class.

13           c.       The claims of the class representatives are typical of the claims of the  
14 Settlement Class.

15           d.       The class representatives will fairly and adequately protect the interests of  
16 the Settlement Class, and the class representatives have no interests in conflict with those of the  
17 Settlement Class. Moreover, the class representatives have retained counsel experienced in  
18 antitrust class action litigation who have, and will continue to, vigorously represent the Settlement  
19 Class.

20           e.       Common questions of law and fact predominate over any questions  
21 affecting only individual members. Predominance is satisfied with respect to the nationwide  
22 Settlement Class. *First*, questions as to the existence of the alleged conspiracy and as to the  
23 occurrence of price-fixing are common to all class members and predominate over any  
24 conceivable individual issues. Resolution of IPPs' claims depends principally on whether  
25 defendants participated in a price-fixing conspiracy, and whether that conspiracy caused an  
26 artificial and non-competitive increase to the market price of lithium ion batteries. Thus, if IPPs  
27 were able to prove these elements, based on common evidence, a jury could reasonably infer that  
28 every class member suffered some injury as a result. *Second*, certification of a Settlement Class

1 that includes residents from both repealer and non-repealer states does not affect the  
2 predominance of common issues, because (i) the legal issue of whether purchasers from non-  
3 repealer states can assert claims under California law is a common question susceptible to a  
4 common answer, and the only differences—state law remedies—fall into a predictable binary  
5 pattern; and (ii) even if an individual component to that legal question were to exist, that  
6 individual component would be only one issue among a host of predominantly common issues.  
7 *Hanlon v. Chrysler Corp.*, 150 F.3d 1011, 1022 (9th Cir. 1998). *Third*, the distribution of  
8 different amounts to subgroups of the Settlement Class (*i.e.*, repealer state residents and non-  
9 repealer state residents) does not affect predominance because it is yet another common question.

10 f. Resolving these claims through a class settlement is superior to other  
11 available methods for a fair and efficient adjudication.

12 3. Having found that it will likely approve the Settlement Agreements and certify the  
13 Settlement Class, the Court does hereby direct IPPs to give notice of the proposed Settlement  
14 Agreements to the Settlement Class.

15 4. The Court designates Jason Ames, Caleb Batey, Christopher Bessette, Cindy  
16 Booze, Matt Bryant, Steve Bugge, William Cabral, Matthew Ence, Drew Fennelly, Sheri  
17 Harmon, Christopher Hunt, John Kopp, Linda Lincoln, Patrick McGuinness, Joseph O’Daniel,  
18 Tom Pham, Piya Robert Rojanasathit, Bradley Seldin, Donna Shawn, David Tolchin, Bradley  
19 Van Patten, the City of Palo Alto, and the City of Richmond as representatives for the Settlement  
20 Class for purposes of disseminating notice.

21 5. The Court designates Cotchett, Pitre & McCarthy, LLP; Hagens Berman Sobol  
22 Shapiro LLP; and Lief Cabraser Heimann & Bernstein, LLP as Class Counsel for the Settlement  
23 Class.

24 6. The Court approves as to form and content the proposed long-form notice,  
25 attached hereto as **Exhibit 9**.

26 7. The Court approves as to form and content the proposed summary notice, attached  
27 hereto as **Exhibit 10**. Class Counsel may make non-substantive changes, as appropriate, for  
28

1 purposes of effective dissemination to class members (*e.g.*, via email notice, press release, or  
2 other media). The Court likewise approves the Claim Form attached hereto as **Exhibit 11**.

3 8. The Court further finds that the proposed plan of notice, and the proposed contents  
4 of these notices, meet the requirements of Rule 23 and due process, and are the best notice  
5 practicable under the circumstances and shall constitute due and sufficient notice to all persons  
6 entitled thereto.

7 9. The Court appoints the firm Epiq Class Action & Claims Solutions (“Epiq”) as the  
8 Settlement Notice Administrator. IPPs and their designees, including the Settlement Notice  
9 Administrator, are authorized to expend funds from the escrow accounts to pay taxes, tax  
10 expenses, notice, and administration costs as set forth in the Settlement Agreements.

11 10. The Final Approval Hearing shall be held before this Court on **July 16, 2019, at**  
12 **2:00 p.m.**, at the United States District Court, located in Courtroom 1, 4th Floor, at 1301 Clay  
13 Street, Oakland, CA 94612, to determine: whether the proposed Settlement Agreements are fair,  
14 reasonable, and adequate under Rule 23(e)(2); whether the Settlement Class should be certified;  
15 whether final judgment should be entered herein; whether the proposed plan of distribution  
16 should be approved; the amount of fees and expenses that should be awarded to Class Counsel;  
17 and the amount of the incentive awards that should be provided to class representatives. The  
18 Court may adjourn the Final Approval Hearing without further notice to the members of the  
19 Settlement Class.

20 11. The Court directs the Settlement Notice Administrator to supervise and administer  
21 the notice procedure as well as the processing of claims as more fully set forth below:

22 a. No later than **April 5, 2019**, the Settlement Notice Administrator shall  
23 provide e-mail notice, substantially in the manner described in the Declaration of Cameron R.  
24 Azari, to all class members whose e-mail addresses have been identified or can be identified with  
25 reasonable effort;

26 b. No later than **April 5, 2019**, the Settlement Notice Administrator shall  
27 commence a broadcast notice campaign, substantially in the manner described in the Declaration  
28 of Cameron R. Azari;

1 c. No later than **April 5, 2019**, the Settlement Notice Administrator shall  
2 commence a digital banner and video notice campaign, substantially in the manner described in  
3 the Declaration of Cameron R. Azari.

4 d. No later than **April 5, 2019**, the Settlement Notice Administrator shall  
5 release a party-neutral press release to approximately 15,000 media outlets across all 50 states.

6 e. The Settlement Notice Administrator shall continue to maintain the  
7 existing website ([www.reversethecharge.com](http://www.reversethecharge.com)) and toll-free phone number (1-888-418-5566),  
8 established in connection with previous settlement agreements in this case. The website shall  
9 continue to make available to class members additional, detailed information, including links to  
10 file claims online, answers to frequently asked questions, important case documents, and contact  
11 information for both Class Counsel and the Settlement Notice Administrator. The Settlement  
12 Notice Administrator shall cause the full versions of the Settlement Agreements and this Order  
13 Directing Notice to the Class to be published on the website.

14 12. The claims period shall commence **April 5, 2019**, and shall continue through and  
15 including **July 19, 2019**. The Court further finds that the claims period for the Settlement  
16 Agreements shall run concurrent with the claims period for all prior settlements—specifically,  
17 those with defendants Sony Corporation, Sony Energy Devices Corporation, and Sony  
18 Electronics Inc. (collectively, “Sony”); LG Chem Ltd. and LG Chem America, Inc. (collectively,  
19 “LG Chem”); Hitachi Maxell, Ltd. and Maxell Corporation of America (collectively, “Hitachi  
20 Maxell”); and NEC Corporation (“NEC”). Class members who have submitted claims in  
21 connection with a prior round of settlements (and who do not exclude themselves) do not need to  
22 make a new claim; prior claims will be deemed to include the settlements with SDI, Toshiba,  
23 Tokin and Panasonic.

24 13. All members of the Settlement Class shall be bound by all determinations and  
25 judgments in this Action concerning the Settlement Agreements, whether favorable or  
26 unfavorable to the Settlement Class.

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1           14.     Class Counsel shall file their motion for attorneys' fees, costs, and service awards  
2 for the class representatives, and all supporting documentation and papers, by **April 23, 2019**, or  
3 fourteen days before the deadline for exclusions and objections.

4           15.     Any person who desires to request exclusion from the Settlement Class shall do so  
5 by **May 28, 2019**. Requests for exclusion must be in writing and set forth the name and address  
6 of the person or entity who wishes to be excluded, as well as any trade name or business name  
7 and address used by such person or entity, and must be signed by the class member seeking  
8 exclusion. All persons who submit valid and timely requests for exclusion shall have no rights  
9 under the Settlement Agreements, shall not share in the distribution of the settlement funds, and  
10 shall not be bound by the final judgments relating to SDI, TOKIN, Toshiba, or Panasonic entered  
11 in this Action.

12           16.     Any member of the Settlement Classes who does not properly and timely request  
13 exclusion from the Settlement Class as provided above shall, upon final approval of the  
14 Settlements, be bound by the terms and provisions of the Settlements so approved, including, but  
15 not limited to, the releases, waivers, and covenants set forth in the Settlement Agreements,  
16 whether or not such person or entity objected to the Settlement Agreements and whether or not  
17 such person or entity makes a claim upon the settlement funds.

18           17.     Any member of the Settlement Class may enter an appearance in this litigation, at  
19 his or her own expense, individually or through counsel of his or her own choice. If the member  
20 does not enter an appearance, he or she will be represented by Class Counsel.

21           18.     Any member of the Settlement Class may appear and show cause, if he or she has  
22 any reason, why the Settlement Agreements should or should not be approved as fair, reasonable,  
23 and adequate; why a judgment should or should not be entered thereon; why the plan of  
24 distribution should or should not be approved; why attorney's fees and expenses should or should  
25 not be awarded to Class Counsel; or why the incentive awards should or should not be awarded to  
26 the class representatives. All written objections and supporting papers must (a) clearly identify  
27 the case name and number (*In re Lithium Ion Batteries Antitrust Litigation, Indirect Purchaser*  
28 *Action*, Case No. 13-md-02420 YGR (DMR)), (b) be submitted to the Court either by mailing



1 them to the Class Action Clerk, United States District Court for the Northern District of  
2 California, 1301 Clay St, Oakland, CA 94612, and (c) be filed or postmarked on or before **May**  
3 **28, 2019**.

4 19. All papers in support of the settlements and responses by Class Counsel regarding  
5 objections and exclusions shall be filed and served by **June 11, 2019**.

6 20. The Court retains authority to modify any of these dates for good cause shown or  
7 on its own discretion.

8 21. All reasonable expenses incurred in identifying and notifying members of the  
9 Settlement Class, as well as administering the settlement funds, shall be paid for as set forth in the  
10 Settlement Agreements.

11 22. Neither the Settlement Agreements, nor any of its terms or provisions, nor any of  
12 the negotiations or proceedings connected with it, shall be construed as an admission or  
13 concession by IPPs or defendants SDI, TOKIN, Toshiba, or Panasonic of the truth or falsity of  
14 any of the allegations in the lawsuit, or of any liability, fault or wrongdoing of any kind.

15 23. All members of the Settlement Class are temporarily barred and enjoined from  
16 instituting or continuing the prosecution of any action asserting the claims released in the  
17 proposed settlements, until the Court enters final judgment with respect to the fairness,  
18 reasonableness, and adequacy of the Settlement Agreements.

19 IT IS SO ORDERED.

20  
21 Dated: March 11, 2019

  
22 HONORABLE YVONNE GONZALEZ ROGERS  
23 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE  
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# **EXHIBIT 9**

## If You Bought Electronics Such as a Portable Computer, Power Tool, Camcorder, and/or Other Items Containing a Lithium Ion Cylindrical Battery Since 2000

### You Could Get Money From More Than \$113 Million in Settlements

*A Federal Court authorized this Notice. This is not a solicitation from a lawyer.*

- Please read this Notice and the Settlements carefully. Your legal rights may be affected whether you act or don't act. This Notice summarizes the proposed Settlements.
- The following rights and options – and deadlines to exercise them – are explained in this Notice.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS		
<u>YOU MAY:</u>		<u>DUE DATE:</u>
<b>EXCLUDE YOURSELF</b>	If you exclude yourself, you will keep any rights you currently have to sue SDI, Toshiba, TOKIN, and Panasonic ("Settling Defendants") about the claims in this case. You will <b>not</b> be included in the Settlements and will receive <b>no benefits</b> from the Settlements with Settling Defendants.	May 28, 2019
<b>DO NOTHING NOW</b>	You will be included in the Settlements with Settling Defendants and eligible to submit a claim for a payment (if you qualify). You will give up your rights to sue the Settling Defendants about the claims in this case.	
<b>OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENTS</b>	You can write to the Court explaining why you disagree with the Settlements with Settling Defendants or any request for attorneys' fees (only if you do not exclude yourself).	May 28, 2019
<b>SUBMIT A CLAIM FOR PAYMENT</b>	Complete the claim form for payment available online at <a href="http://www.reversethecharge.com">www.reversethecharge.com</a> and submit it online or by mail (if you qualify for the Settlements).	July 19, 2019
<b>GO TO THE HEARING</b>	Speak in Court about your opinion of the Settlements with Settling Defendants or requested fees. The date of the hearing may change without further notice to the class, so please check <a href="http://www.reversethecharge.com">www.reversethecharge.com</a> or the Court's PACER site ( <a href="https://ecf.cand.uscourts.gov">https://ecf.cand.uscourts.gov</a> ) to confirm that the date has not been changed.	July 16, 2019
<b>REGISTER ON THE WEBSITE</b>	The best way to receive updates about the lawsuit.	

- The Settlements and related court papers are available at [www.reversethecharge.com](http://www.reversethecharge.com), or by contacting class counsel. You can also access the Settlements and supporting motions for a fee through the Court's docket in person or electronically. To access the Court's docket (Case No. 4:13-md-2420) in person, visit the office of the Clerk of the Court for the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, 1301 Clay Street, Suite 400S, Oakland, CA 94612, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding Court holidays. To access the Court's docket electronically through the Court's Public Access to Court Electronic Records (PACER) system, go to <https://ecf.cand.uscourts.gov>, which allows you to register for and log in to PACER. Once you have logged in to PACER, go to "Query," enter Case Number 4:13-md-2420, and click "Run Query" to access the Court's docket. PLEASE DO NOT TELEPHONE THE COURT OR THE COURT CLERK'S OFFICE TO INQUIRE ABOUT THIS SETTLEMENT OR THE CLAIM PROCESS.
- A class action lawsuit has been brought on behalf of consumers, businesses and California local governments who bought the following products that contained Lithium-Ion Cylindrical Batteries, a type of Lithium-Ion Battery ("Li-Ion Battery"): (i) portable computers; (ii) power tools; (iii) camcorders; or (iv) replacement batteries for any of these products. This case is only on behalf of consumers and others who bought the devices to use them, usually from retailers. It is not on behalf of companies like retailers who bought the devices to re-sell them to consumers.
- Plaintiffs claim that Defendants (listed below) and co-conspirators conspired to fix, raise, maintain, or stabilize the prices of cylindrical Lithium Ion Battery Cells ("Li-Ion Cells"). Plaintiffs further claim that purchasers of the products

listed above containing Lithium-Ion Cylindrical Batteries ("Li-Ion Cylindrical Batteries") overpaid for these devices because of the conspiracy. Defendants deny Plaintiffs' claims.

- Settlements were previously reached with LG Chem, Ltd. and LG Chem America, Inc. ("LG Chem"); Hitachi Maxell Ltd. and Maxell Corporation of America ("Hitachi Maxell"); NEC Corporation ("NEC"); and Sony Corporation, Sony Energy Devices Corporation, and Sony Electronics Inc. ("Sony").
- Settlements have now been reached with Samsung SDI Co., Ltd. and Samsung SDI America, Inc. ("SDI"); TOKIN Corporation ("TOKIN"); Toshiba Corporation ("Toshiba"); and Panasonic Corporation, Panasonic Corporation of North America, SANYO Electric Co., Ltd., and SANYO North America Corporation ("Panasonic") (together, the "Settling Defendants"). There are no remaining Defendants.
- The Court still has to decide whether to finally approve the Settlements with Settling Defendants. Payments will be made only (1) if the Court approves the Settlements and after any appeals are resolved, and (2) after the Court approves a Distribution Plan to distribute the Settlement Fund minus expenses, any Court-approved attorneys' fees, and service awards ("Net Settlement Funds") to Class Members.

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**BASIC INFORMATION**

**1. What Is This Notice About?**

This Notice is to inform you about Settlements reached in this case, before the Court decides whether to finally approve the Settlements with Settling Defendants. This Notice explains the lawsuit, the Settlements, and your legal rights. The Court is the United States District Court for the Northern District of California. This case is titled *In re Lithium Ion Batteries Antitrust Litigation – All Indirect Purchaser Actions*, MDL No. 2420. The people who sued are called the “Plaintiffs.” The companies they sued are called the “Defendants.”

## 2. What Is This Lawsuit About?

The lawsuit alleges that Defendants and co-conspirators conspired to raise and fix the prices of cylindrical Li-Ion Cells for over ten years, resulting in overcharges to consumers and others who bought portable computers, camcorders, and power tools containing Li-Ion Cylindrical Batteries. The complaint describes how the Defendants and co-conspirators allegedly violated the U.S. and state antitrust, unfair competition, and consumer protection laws by agreeing to fix prices and restrict output of these cells by, among other things, face-to-face meetings and other communications, customer allocation, and the use of trade associations. Defendants deny Plaintiffs' allegations. The Court has not decided who is right.

## 3. Why Are There Settlements?

The last four groups of Defendants have now agreed to settle the lawsuit – SDI, TOKIN, Toshiba, and Panasonic. Previously, notice was provided about settlements reached with LG Chem, Hitachi Maxell, NEC, and Sony. In paragraph 8, below, there is information about how to get benefits from the settlements.

## 4. What Are Li-Ion Cells, Li-Ion Packs, Li-Ion Batteries, Cylindrical Li-Ion Batteries, And Finished Products?

For purposes of the Settlements:

- "Lithium Ion Battery Cell(s)" or "Li-Ion Cells" means cylindrical, prismatic, or polymer cells used for the storage of power that is rechargeable and uses lithium ion technology.
- "Lithium Ion Battery Pack(s)" or "Li-Ion Packs" means Lithium Ion Battery Cells that have been assembled into packs, regardless of the number of Lithium Ion Cells contained in such packs.
- "Lithium Ion Battery" or "Li-Ion Battery" means a Lithium Ion Battery Cell or Lithium Ion Battery Pack.
- "Lithium Ion Cylindrical Battery" or "Li-Ion Cylindrical Battery" means a cylindrical-type Lithium Ion Battery Cell or cylindrical-type Lithium Ion Battery Pack.
- "Finished Product" means any product and/or electronic device that contains a Lithium Ion Battery, including but not limited to laptop PCs, notebook PCs, netbook computers, tablet computers, mobile phones, smart phones, cameras, camcorders, digital video cameras, digital audio players, and power tools.

## 5. Why Is This A Class Action?

In a class action, one or more people called the "Class representatives" sue on behalf of themselves and other people with similar claims. All of these people together are the "Class" or "Class Members." In a class action, one court may resolve the issues for all Class Members, except for those who exclude themselves from the class.

## THE SETTLEMENTS

## 6. How Do I Know If I May Be Included In The Class Or If My Rights Are Affected?

The Class includes all persons and entities who, as United States residents, from January 1, 2000 to May 31, 2011, purchased new, for their own use and not for resale, one of the following products: (i) a portable computer; (ii) a power tool; (iii) a camcorder; or (iv) a replacement battery for any of these products. The product must have been purchased from someone other than the Li-Ion Battery manufacturer, such as a retail store.

The specific definition of who is included in the Class is set forth in the Settlement Agreements. The Settlement Agreements, and the related Complaints, are accessible on the website [www.reversethecharge.com](http://www.reversethecharge.com). Payments to Class Members may be made only: (1) if the Court approves the Settlements and after any appeals are resolved, and (2) pursuant to a Court-ordered settlement Distribution Plan that deducts expenses, attorneys' fees, and service awards. The Court will determine the amount, if any, that each Class Member will receive.

Even if you are not in the Settlement Class, your rights may be affected if you bought a Finished Product establishing your membership in the Sony Settlement Class, and did not exclude yourself from it. The Sony Settlement Class has more members than the present Settlement Class because it covers more devices, including cell phones. As explained below, the attorneys will now submit a claim for fees, part of which may be paid from the Sony settlement fund. If you are a member of the Sony Settlement Class you may object to that fee request just like members of the SDI, TOKIN, Toshiba and Panasonic Settlement Class.

## 7. What Do The Settlements Provide?

The total amount of the Settlement Funds from the SDI, TOKIN, Toshiba, and Panasonic Settlements is \$49 million. After deducting Court-approved attorneys' fees, service awards, notice and administration costs, and litigation expenses, the remaining Settlement Fund will be divided into two funds, a Repealer Fund and a Non-Repealer Fund. The Repealer Fund (90% of the remaining Settlement Fund) will be available for distribution to Class Members who are residents of the following Repealer States: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, District of Columbia, Florida, Hawaii, Illinois, Iowa,